1 2 3 4 5	PHILLIP A. TALBERT United States Attorney STEPHANIE M. STOKMAN Assistant United States Attorney 2500 Tulare Street, Suite 4401 Fresno, CA 93721 Telephone: (559) 497-4000 Facsimile: (559) 497-4099 Attorneys for Plaintiff		
6	United States of America		
7	IN THE LIMITED OF	TATES DISTRICT COLIDT	
8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
10	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	CASE NO. 1:21-CR-00223-NONE-SKO	
11 12	Plaintiff, v.	STIPULATION REGARDING EXCLUDABLE TIME PERIODS UNDER SPEEDY TRIAL ACT; ORDER	
13 14 15	MICHAEL CARPENTER, CHLOE MAYFIELD SMITH, Defendants.	DATE: June 29, 2022 TIME: 1:00 p.m. COURT: Hon. Sheila K. Oberto	
16			
17	This case is set for status conference on June 29, 2022. On May 13, 2020, this Court issued		
18	General Order 618, which suspends all jury trials in the Eastern District of California "until further		
19	notice." Further, pursuant to General Order 611, this Court's declaration of judicial emergency under 18		
20	U.S.C. § 3174, and the Ninth Circuit Judicial Council's Order of April 16, 2020 continuing this Court's		
21	judicial emergency, this Court has allowed district judges to continue all criminal matters to a date after		
22	May 2, 2021. This and previous General Orders, as well as the declarations of judicial emergency,		
23	were entered to address public health concerns related to COVID-19.		
24	Although the General Orders and declarations of emergency address the district-wide health		
25	concern, the Supreme Court has emphasized that the Speedy Trial Act's end-of-justice provision		
26	"counteract[s] substantive openendedness with procedural strictness," "demand[ing] on-the-record		
- 1			

27

A judge "may order case-by-case exceptions" at the discretion of that judge "or upon the request of counsel, after consultation with counsel and the Clerk of the Court to the extent such an order will impact court staff and operations." General Order 618, ¶ 7 (E.D. Cal. May 13, 2020).

Case 1:21-cr-00223-JLT-SKO Document 36 Filed 05/26/22 Page 2 of 4

findings" in a particular case. *Zedner v. United States*, 547 U.S. 489, 509 (2006). "[W]ithout on-the-record findings, there can be no exclusion under" § 3161(h)(7)(A). *Id.* at 507. Moreover, any such failure cannot be harmless. *Id.* at 509; *see also United States v. Ramirez-Cortez*, 213 F.3d 1149, 1153 (9th Cir. 2000) (explaining that a judge ordering an ends-of-justice continuance must set forth explicit findings on the record "either orally or in writing").

Based on the plain text of the Speedy Trial Act—which Zedner emphasizes as both mandatory and inexcusable—General Orders 611, 612, 617, and 618 and the subsequent declaration of judicial emergency require specific supplementation. Ends-of-justice continuances are excludable only if "the judge granted such continuance on the basis of his findings that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A). Moreover, no such period is excludable unless "the court sets forth, in the record of the case, either orally or in writing, its reason or finding that the ends of justice served by the granting of such continuance outweigh the best interests of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." *Id*.

The General Orders and declaration of judicial emergency exclude delay in the "ends of justice." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). Although the Speedy Trial Act does not directly address continuances stemming from pandemics, natural disasters, or other emergencies, this Court has discretion to order a continuance in such circumstances. For example, the Ninth Circuit affirmed a two-week ends-of-justice continuance following Mt. St. Helens' eruption. *Furlow v. United States*, 644 F.2d 764 (9th Cir. 1981). The court recognized that the eruption made it impossible for the trial to proceed. *Id.* at 767-68; *see also United States v. Correa*, 182 F. Supp. 326, 329 (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (citing *Furlow* to exclude time following the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and the resultant public emergency). The coronavirus is posing a similar, albeit more enduring, barrier to the prompt proceedings mandated by the statutory rules.

In light of the societal context created by the foregoing, this Court should consider the following case-specific facts in finding excludable delay appropriate in this particular case under the ends-of-justice exception, § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). ² If continued, this Court should designate a new date

² The parties note that General Order 612 acknowledges that a district judge may make "additional findings to support the exclusion" at the judge's discretion. General Order 612, ¶ 5 (E.D. Cal. March 18, 2020).

for the status conference. *United States v. Lewis*, 611 F.3d 1172, 1176 (9th Cir. 2010) (noting any pretrial continuance must be "specifically limited in time").

STIPULATION

Plaintiff United States of America, by and through its counsel of record, and defendants, by and through defendants' counsel of record, hereby stipulate as follows:

- 1. By previous order, this matter was set for status on June 29, 2022.
- 2. By this stipulation, defendants now move to continue the status conference until September 21, 2022, and to exclude time between June 29, 2022, and September 21, 2022, under 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4].
 - 3. The parties agree and stipulate, and request that the Court find the following:
 - a) The government has represented that the discovery associated with this case includes reports, photographs, and audio files. All of this discovery has been either produced directly to counsel and/or made available for inspection and copying.
 - b) Counsel for defendants desire additional time to further review discovery, discuss potential resolution with his client and the government, and investigate and prepare for trial.
 - c) Counsel for defendants believe that failure to grant the above-requested continuance would deny him/her the reasonable time necessary for effective preparation, taking into account the exercise of due diligence.
 - d) The government does not object to the continuance.
 - e) Based on the above-stated findings, the ends of justice served by continuing the case as requested outweigh the interest of the public and the defendant in a trial within the original date prescribed by the Speedy Trial Act.
 - f) For the purpose of computing time under the Speedy Trial Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3161, et seq., within which trial must commence, the time period of June 29, 2022 to September 21, 2022, inclusive, is deemed excludable pursuant to 18 U.S.C.§ 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4] because it results from a continuance granted by the Court at defendants' request on the basis of the Court's finding that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendants in a speedy trial.

Case 1:21-cr-00223-JLT-SKO Document 36 Filed 05/26/22 Page 4 of 4

1	g) The parties also agree that this continuance is necessary for several reasons,		
2	including but not limited to, the need to permit time for the parties to exchange supplemental		
3	discovery, engage in plea negotiations, and for the defense to continue its investigation and		
4	preparation, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A) and 3161(h)(7)(B)(i) and (iv).		
5	4. Nothing in this stipulation and order shall preclude a finding that other provisions of the		
6	Speedy Trial Act dictate that additional time periods are excludable from the period within which a trial		
7	must commence.		
8	IT IS SO STIPULATED.		
9	D. J. M. O. A.		
10	Dated: May 24, 2022 PHILLIP A. TALBERT United States Attorney		
11	/ / GTEDNIA NIE N. GTOWN (AN		
12	/s/ STEPHANIE M. STOKMAN STEPHANIE M. STOKMAN		
13	Assistant United States Attorney		
14	Dated: May 24, 2022 /s/ BARBARA O'NEILL		
15	BARBARA O'NEILL Counsel for Defendant		
16	MICHAEL CARPENTER		
17			
18	Dated: May 24, 2022 /s/ HARRY DRANDELL HARRY DRANDELL		
19	Counsel for Defendant CHLOE MAYFIELD SMITH		
20			
21	ORDER		
22	IT IS SO ORDERED.		
23			
24	DATED: 5/26/2022 Sheila K. Oberto		
25	THE HONORABLE SHEILA K. OBERTO UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE		
26			
27			

28